

Some Rules of Thumb

M in Kg/mol, s in Svedbergs (10^{-13} sec), D in Ficks (10^{-7} cm² sec⁻¹),

R_s in Ångstroms, $speed$ in rpm/1000, $\rho=1.000$ g/cc, $\bar{v}=0.725$ cc/g, $T = 293^\circ$ K.

Transport

$$M = 91 \frac{s}{D}$$

$$R_s = 215/D_{20,w}$$

$$s = 2.4M/R_s$$

$$f/f_o = 0.31M^{2/3}/s \quad (\delta_1 = 0.3)$$

$$D < 19.2/s^{0.5}$$

For the equivalent sphere

$$\delta_1 = 0.0$$

$$R_o = 20/3M^{1/3}$$

$$s_o = M^{2/3}/2.8$$

$$s_o = M^{2/3} \left[\frac{(1-\bar{v}\rho)/\bar{v}^{1/3}}{0.8337} \right]$$

$$M = 4.7s_o^{3/2}$$

$$R_o = 7.35(M\bar{v})^{1/3}$$

$$\delta_1 = 0.3$$

$$R_o = 30/4M^{1/3}$$

$$s_o = M^{2/3}/3.2$$

$$M = 5.7s_o^{3/2}$$

$$R_o = 7.35\{M(\bar{v} + 0.3)\}^{1/3}$$

For the random coil

$$\delta_1 = 0.0$$

$$R_s = 10.0M^{0.56}$$

$$s_{rc} = 0.24M^{0.44}$$

$$\delta_1 = 0.3$$

$$R_s = 90/8M^{0.56}$$

$$s_{rc} = 0.21M^{0.44}$$

$$s_o/s_{rc} = 1.48M^{0.22}$$

For a prolate ellipsoid of revolution

where $a/b > 5.0$, $f/f_o = (a/b)^{2/3}/\ln(2a/b)$

For $\Delta c/\Delta t$ analysis

$$\Delta t/t = \ln(\omega^2 t) < \frac{70}{(M^{0.5} speed)}$$

$D = (\sigma\omega^2 tr_{men})^2/2t$ (where $\sigma = \text{std dev of } g(s^*) \text{ peak in svedbergs}$)

Sedimentation Equilibrium

For $\sigma > 2.0\text{cm}^{-2}$, where $\sigma \equiv d(\ln c)/d(r^2/2) = M(1 - \bar{v}\rho)\omega^2/RT$

$$t_{eq,5^\circ} = 40000/(speed)^2/s_{20,w} \text{ hours } (\tau = 0.22) \text{ (column height=3mm)}$$

$$t_{eq,5^\circ} = 17000(R_s/M)/(speed)^2 \text{ hours } (\tau = 0.22) \text{ (column height=3mm)}$$

$$t_{os}/t_{eq} = 0.134(\sigma)0.58/((\omega_{os}/\omega_{eq})^2 - 0.5)$$

For $\sigma > 0$:

Compute time to equilibrium at any speed: http://rasmb.org/AUCRL/time_to_equilibrium-form.html

$$speed_{eq} = 88[\sigma/M]^{0.5}; M = 7777[\sigma/(speed_{eq})^2] \text{ and } \sigma = M(speed_{eq})^2/7777$$